



# Water supply, reuse and recycling - how geology and geography affect choices

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Large Left Lateral Leaps for Environmental Professionals: Sustainable Water Stewardship AEMA, Sparks, NV, December 04, 2024





# Water is Life, Water is Essential for Mining

- El agua es vida, el agua es esencial para la minería
- Água é vida, água é essencial para a mineração
- L'eau c'est la vie, l'eau est essentielle à l'exploitation minière

Shared Water, Shared Responsibility, Shared Approach: Water in the Mining Sector

ICMM and IFC, 2017

https://www.commdev.org/wp-content/uploads/pdf/publications/P\_ICMM-IFC-Water-and-Mining-FINAL.pdf









# Geology

- Structures controlling deposits
- Orientation of deposit, spatial extent influence mining method
- Mineralogy
  - Valuable minerals (abundance, grain size, textures) impact process flowsheet, form of products
  - Gangue minerals in conjunction with processing requirements affect waste management
- Hydrogeology, e.g. aquifers

# Geography

- Topography influences waste management capacity and site selection
- Climate, including precipitation and evaporation, affecting water flows and overall water balance

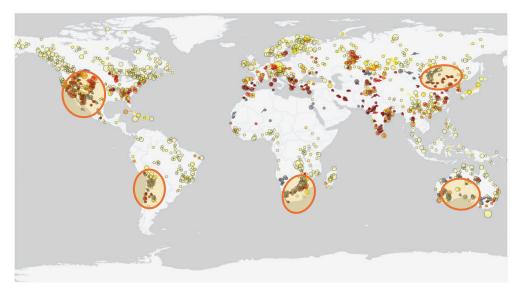
**Resourceful** 

- Proximity to water sources and transport infrastructure
- Proximity to communities
- Jurisdiction and associated regulatory considerations





### Mining and Water Stress Globally



### Baseline water stress label

1	Arid and Low Water Use
i.	Extremely High (>80%)
	High (40-80%)
	Low (<10%)
	Low - Medium (10-20%)
	Medium - High (20-40%)

### Number of mines, deposits, and districts

o 1

0 1-5

○ 5 - 10
○ 10 - 15

) 15 - 20

WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE

https://www.wri.org/insights/critical-minerals-mining-waterimpacts

- Most Cu mining where low water availability
  - Northern Chile
  - SW USA, Northern Mexico
  - Mongolia
  - South Australia
- Much Au mining also in arid regions
- How can we use less high-quality water?





# Tailings linked to water balance

- Water makeup linked to water lost to tailings
- Reduce makeup water through tailings dewatering reuse and recycling
  - Thickening, paste thickening, filtration, hydraulic dewatered stacking
- How can we make less tailings? More drainable?









### Water quality concerns

- Acid rock drainage water + O<sub>2</sub> + pyrite in waste rock/tailings release acid, metals. Worse in wet areas
- Cyanide contamination can kill fish and birds
- Liner systems limit groundwater contamination



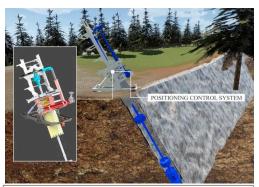


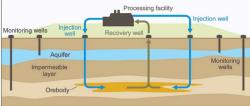






- ie higher grade depositions ivanced deep exploration Advanced autonomous technologies to unconstrained of the technologies to be brocess to Ext Consider come the technologies to the technologies to bind the technologies to the Consider complitient lead to both lower water in the form systems that lead to be interested to be an interest of the systems that have a second system system. IOTITI SYSTEMS UNAL BOOMER ENVIRONMENTAL RISK *Virus and Lower prints wastes and Lower prints wastes advanced sensors, advanced sensors, elts – less tailings consumption and acting pelts – less tailings consumption contact more filterable/drainability consumption contact more filterable/drainability consumption aration in low-quality consumption techn:*









### Collaboration is key

- Water issues are complex and interdisciplinary, leaps need research
- CEEC Global Water Initiative for example
- "Water Wheel"; 4 themes connected by interdisciplinary collaboration:
  - Stakeholder engagement, social
  - Water management and treatment
  - Environmental responsibility and monitoring
  - Technological innovation and integration
- Agnico Eagle, Weir, Whittle Consulting as early sponsors, Grantham Foundation grant, looking for collaborators







### **Questions?**

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